

Formative Assessment Packet



For each musical concept, there are several formative assessments, one corresponding rubric, and one teacher record sheet. Concepts addressed in the formative assessments include seven musical elements: rhythm and meter, form and design, dynamics, tempo, articulation, pitch, and performing. Select formative assessments also include Student Worksheets.

Using the Formative Assessments

The Formative Assessments have been designed so that each includes the following:

- Performing, responding, and creating tasks
- Solo, small-group, and whole-group work
- Varied modalities for different learning styles
- A scaffold of each musical concept to its Summative Assessment task

Please note: In order for these assessments to be formative, teachers should facilitate each task in a way that gives students both task performance feedback and the opportunity for revision.

Scope of Musical Concepts in the Grade 4 Formative Assessments

	Form and	Ex	xpressive Qualit	20. 1			
Rhythm and Meter	Design	Dynamics	Tempo	Articulation	Pitch	Performing	
Simple Meters	A-B A-B-A	Mezzo-Piano mp	Fermata	Continue to apply and develop prior knowledge.	Scale	Clear Tone	
Syncopation	Rondo	Mezzo-Forte <i>mf</i>			Major/Minor	Instrument Exploration	
11	Two-Part Score						
<u></u>							
Compound Meters Continue to apply and develop prior knowledge, as well as distinguish between simple and compound meters.							





Pianissimo pp

Piano p

Mezzo-Piano mp

Mezzo-Forte mf

Forte *f*

Fortissimo #

Crescendo

Decrescendo



Group Responding Task:

Students use the Student Worksheets to review dynamic vocabulary then listen to musical excerpts and move to demonstrate pianissimo, piano, mezzo-piano, mezzo-forte, forte, fortissimo, crescendo, or decrescendo, responding when dynamic changes are heard.

Group Responding Task:

Students listen to musical excerpts and circle the corresponding dynamic for each from the Student Worksheet.

Solo/Group **Performing Task:**

Students sing a known song, following given dynamic markings or signals. Teacher gives feedback and students revise their performance.

Solo/Group Creating and Performing Task:

Students apply dynamic markings from the choices listed above into a known song and conduct accordingly.

Students reflect on their choices and responses to dynamic changes.

Task 4

Identify Tempo, Dynamics, Articulation, Mode, Form, and Instrumentation

Students listen to a musical excerpt and then use the Student Worksheet to select the corresponding tempo, dynamics, articulation, mode (major or minor), form, and instrumentation that they hear.





Rubric	4 Standing Ovation	3 Stage Ready	2 Practice, Practice, Practice	1 Try Again
Create, Respond to, or Perform Dynamics: Pianissimo Piano Mezzo-Piano Mezzo-Forte Forte Fortissimo Crescendo Decrescendo	Creates, responds to, or performs dynamics accurately and without hesitation.	Creates, responds to, or performs dynamics with hesitation and some inaccuracies.	Creates, responds to, or performs dynamics inaccurately most of the time, but may be accurate occasionally.	Does not create, respond to, or perform dynamics.

Class: Student Name	A	В	C	Notes









Vame:	Date:	Class:
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Look at the dynamic symbols below. Write the symbols in the correct order from softest to loudest in the spaces below the *crescendo*.

Forte |f|Pianissimo |pp|Mezzo-Forte |mf|Fortissimo |ff|Piano |p|Mezzo-Piano |mp|









Vame:	Date:	Class:
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Look at the dynamic symbols below. Write the symbols in the correct order from loudest to softest in the spaces below the *decrescendo*.

Forte |f|Pianissimo | pp Mezzo-Forte | mf Fortissimo | ff Piano | p Mezzo-Piano | mp





Name:	Date:	Class:
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Circle the dynamic that you hear in each musical example.

1	Pianissimo Pp	OR	Piano P	OR	Mezzo-Piano Mp	OR	Mezzo-Forte mf	OR	Forte f	OR	Fortissimo
	PP		P		μ						

Two instruments I heard were a and a _



Two instruments I heard were a and a



Two instruments I heard were a and a